

Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity:

Synertec Corporation Limited

ABN / ARBN:

161 803 032

Financial year ended:

30 JUNE 2019

Our corporate governance statement² for the above period above can be found at:³

- ☐ These pages of our annual report:
- ☒ This URL on our website: <https://www.synertec.com.au/corporate-governance>

The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 26 August 2019 and has been approved by the Board.

The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.

Date: 26 August 2019

Name of Secretary authorising lodgement:
Mr. David Harris

¹ Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX.

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of rule 4.10.3.

² "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

³ Mark whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where the entity's corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

ANNEXURE – KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...
PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT			
1.1	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location] ... and information about the respective roles and responsibilities of our board and management (including those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management): ☐ at [insert location]	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them; (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and (c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them and either: (1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.	... the fact that we have a diversity policy that complies with paragraph (a): ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ at <i>[insert location]</i> ... and a copy of our diversity policy or a summary of it: ☐ at <i>[insert location]</i> ... and the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with our diversity policy and our progress towards achieving them: ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ at <i>[insert location]</i> ... and the information referred to in paragraphs (c)(1) or (2): ☐ in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ at <i>[insert location]</i>	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	... the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a): ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ at <i>[insert location]</i> ... and the information referred to in paragraph (b): ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ at <i>[insert location]</i>	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	... the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a): ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ at <i>[insert location]</i> ... and the information referred to in paragraph (b): ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ at <i>[insert location]</i>	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...
PRINCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE			
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] ... the fact that we have a nomination committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2): ☐ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ at http://www.synertec.com.au/corporate-governance ... and a copy of the charter of the committee: ☐ at [insert location] ... and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): ☐ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at http://www.synertec.com.au/corporate-governance & the 2018 Directors' report [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] ... the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively: ☐ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	... our board skills matrix: ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...
2.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	... the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors: ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ at http://www.synertec.com.au/corporate-governance & the 2018 Directors' report ... and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b): ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location] ... and the length of service of each director: ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCIPLE 3 – ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
3.1	A listed entity should: (a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) disclose that code or a summary of it.	... our code of conduct or a summary of it: ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ at http://www.synertec.com.au/corporate-governance	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...
PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING			
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] ... the fact that we have an audit committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2): ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at <i>[insert location]</i> ... and a copy of the charter of the committee: ☒ at http://www.synertec.com.au/corporate-governance ... and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ at http://www.synertec.com.au/corporate-governance [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] ... the fact that we do not have an audit committee and the processes we employ that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of our corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner: ☐ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at <i>[insert location]</i>	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☐ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ at 2019 Annual Report (Directors' Declaration)	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...
4.3	A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an annual general meeting and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE			
5.1	A listed entity should: (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	... our continuous disclosure compliance policy or a summary of it: ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ at http://www.synertec.com.au/corporate-governance	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS			
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	... information about us and our governance on our website: ☒ at http://www.synertec.com.au/corporate-governance	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ at http://www.synertec.com.au/corporate-governance	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	... our policies and processes for facilitating and encouraging participation at meetings of security holders: ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ at http://www.synertec.com.au/corporate-governance	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity that does not hold periodic meetings of security holders and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
6.4	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at http://www.synertec.com.au/corporate-governance	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...
PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK			
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] ... the fact that we have a committee or committees to oversee risk that comply with paragraphs (1) and (2): ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at <i>[insert location]</i> ... and a copy of the charter of the committee: ☒ at http://www.synertec.com.au/corporate-governance ... and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): ☐ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ at http://www.synertec.com.au/corporate-governance and 2019 Directors Report [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] ... the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework: ☐ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at <i>[insert location]</i>	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	... the fact that board or a committee of the board reviews the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound: ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at <i>[insert location]</i> ... and that such a review has taken place in the reporting period covered by this Appendix 4G: ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at <i>[insert location]</i>	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] ... how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs: ☐ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at <i>[insert location]</i> [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] ... the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes: ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at <i>[insert location]</i>	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	... whether we have any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks: ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at <i>[insert location]</i>	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...
PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] ... the fact that we have a remuneration committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2): ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location] ... and a copy of the charter of the committee: ☒ at http://www.synertec.com.au/corporate-governance ... and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): ☐ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ at http://www.synertec.com.au/corporate-governance and 2018 Directors Report [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] ... the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive: ☐ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	... separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives: ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ at http://www.synertec.com.au/corporate-governance and 2018 Directors Report (Remuneration Report)	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	... our policy on this issue or a summary of it: ☐ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES APPLICABLE TO EXTERNALLY MANAGED LISTED ENTITIES			
-	<i>Alternative to Recommendation 1.1 for externally managed listed entities:</i> The responsible entity of an externally managed listed entity should disclose: (a) the arrangements between the responsible entity and the listed entity for managing the affairs of the listed entity; (b) the role and responsibility of the board of the responsible entity for overseeing those arrangements.	... the information referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b): ☐ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
-	<i>Alternative to Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 for externally managed listed entities:</i> An externally managed listed entity should clearly disclose the terms governing the remuneration of the manager.	... the terms governing our remuneration as manager of the entity: ☐ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement



Synertec Corporation Limited

ARBN 161 803 032

Corporate Governance Statement

The Board of Directors of Synertec Corporation Limited and its controlled entities (“consolidated entity” or the “Company”) are responsible for the corporate governance of the consolidated entity. The Board guides and monitors the business and affairs of Synertec Corporation Limited on behalf of the shareholders by whom they are elected and to whom they are accountable. The Board supports the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (3rd Edition) (“Principles and Recommendations”) developed by the ASX Corporate Governance Council (CGC).

The Principles and Recommendations set out corporate governance practices for entities listed on the ASX that in the CGC’s view are likely to achieve good governance outcomes and meet the reasonable expectations of most investors in most situations.

The Board welcomes the changes in the 3rd Edition Principles that reflects global developments in corporate governance. This Corporate Governance Statement was current as at June 30, 2019 and has been approved by the Board.

This Corporate Governance Statement is an opportunity to demonstrate that the Board and management are attuned to the importance of having proper and effective corporate governance arrangements and to communicate the robustness of our approach to corporate governance.

During the fiscal 2019 (and 2018) financial year the Company’s practices were compliant with the existing 3rd Edition Principles.

Following is a summary of the Company’s compliance with the ASX Principles and Recommendations.

Principle 1 – Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

1.1 Role and Responsibilities of the Board

The role of the Board of Synertec Corporation Limited is as follows:

- Representing and serving the interests of shareholders by overseeing and appraising the strategies, policies and performance of the Company. This includes overseeing the financial and human resources the Company has in place to meet its objectives and the review of management performance;
- Protecting and optimising Company performance and building sustainable value for shareholders in accordance with any duties and obligations imposed on the Board by law and the Company’s constitution and within a framework of prudent and effective controls that enable risks to be assessed and managed;
- Responsible for the overall Corporate Governance of Synertec Corporation Limited and its controlled entities, including monitoring the strategic direction of the Company and those entities, formulating goals for management and monitoring the achievement of those goals;
- Setting, reviewing and ensuring compliance with the Company’s values (including the establishment and observance of high ethical standards); and
- Ensuring shareholders are kept informed of the Company’s performance and major developments affecting its state of affairs.

Responsibilities and functions of the Board include:

- selecting, appointing and evaluating from time to time the performance of, determining the remuneration of, and planning for the successor of, a Chief Executive Officer;
- reviewing procedures in place for appointment of senior management and monitoring of its performance, and for succession planning;
- input into and final approval of management development of corporate strategies, including setting performance objectives and approving operating budgets;
- reviewing and guiding systems of risk management and internal control and ethical and legal compliance. This includes reviewing procedures in place to identify the main risks associated with the Company's businesses and the implementation of appropriate systems to manage these risks;
- monitoring corporate performance and implementation of strategies and policies;
- approving major capital expenditures, acquisitions and divestitures, and monitoring capital management;
- monitoring and reviewing management processes in place aimed at ensuring the integrity of financial and other reporting;
- monitoring and reviewing policies and processes in place relating to occupational health and safety, compliance with laws, and the maintenance of high ethical standards; and
- performing such other functions as are prescribed by law or are assigned to the Board.

In carrying out its responsibilities and functions, the Board may delegate any of its powers to a Board Committee, a Director, employee or other person subject to ultimate responsibility of the Directors under the Australian Corporations Act 2001 (Cth).

Matters which are specifically reserved for the Board or its committees include the following:

- appointment of a Chair;
- appointment and removal of the CEO, Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and Company Secretary;
- appointment of Directors to fill a vacancy or as additional Director;
- establishment of Board committees, their membership and delegated authorities;
- approval of dividends;
- development and review of corporate governance principles and policies;
- approval of major capital expenditures, acquisitions and divestitures in excess of authority levels delegated to management;
- calling of meetings of shareholders; and
- any other specific matters nominated by the Board from time to time.

The Board is responsible for the overall corporate governance of the Company and its subsidiaries including ensuring the integrity of internal control and management information systems. It is also responsible for approving and monitoring financial and other reporting.

The Board has adopted a Board Charter that formalises its roles and responsibilities and defines the matters that are reserved for the Board and specific matters that are delegated to management.

The Board Charter which may be viewed and downloaded from the Company's website.

1.2 Directors Checks

The Company undertakes appropriate checks before appointing or putting-forward to shareholders a candidate for election, as a Director. These include checks on the character, experience, education, criminal record and bankruptcy history.

The Company provides shareholders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a Director. Directors' details are included in the Notice of Meeting at which the election of the Director is to be held, Company website and within the Annual Report.

Directors are required to provide consent for the Company to perform such checks. Directors' are required to provide details of other commitments and an indication of time involved, and specifically acknowledge that they have sufficient time to fulfill their duties as a Director of the Company.

1.3 Written Agreement with each Director and Senior Executive

On appointment of a Director, the Company issues a letter of appointment setting out the terms and conditions of appointment to the Board.

On appointment of a senior executive, the Company issues an employment agreement which addresses the role and responsibilities of individual.

The Board has adopted a Delegations of Authority that sets limits of authority for executives and officers.

1.4 Company Secretary

The Company Secretary reports directly to the Board through the Chair on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.

1.5 Diversity

At the core of Synertec Corporation Limited's diversity policy is a commitment to equality and respect. The Company is committed to providing an inclusive workplace and recognises the value of individuals with diverse skills, values, backgrounds and experiences will bring to the Company. Diversity is recognising and valuing the unique contribution people can make because of their individual background and different skills, experiences and perspectives. People differ not just on the basis of race and gender, but also other dimensions such as lifestyle, education, physical ability, age and family responsibility.

The Board has undertaken a review of the mix of skills and experience on the Board in light of the Company's principal activities and direction, and has considered diversity in succession planning. The Board considers the current mix of skills and experience of members of the Board and its executive officers is sufficient to meet the requirements of the Company. The Company will establish measureable objectives for achieving gender diversity when it has grown to a point where it is appropriate to do so.

A Diversity policy may be viewed and downloaded from the Company's website.

1.6 Directors' and Senior Executive Performance Evaluation

Evaluation of the performance of the Board, its committees and senior executives/officers is required under the Board Charter and the Charter of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee. This includes supporting ongoing education of Directors and executives/officers for the benefit of the Company.

The Chair is responsible for ensuring regular reviews of the Board, its committees and individual members. The process includes formal and informal interviews, the goals of which are to identify improvements to Board processes and procedures.

The performance of executive officers is reviewed annually by the Board. The process for evaluating the performance of executive/officers is for the Board to measure performance against objective benchmarks including operational or financial milestones.

Principle 2 – Structure the Board to add value

2.1 Remuneration and Nomination Committee

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee consist of the three independent Directors of the Board. The Committee is chaired by an independent Director.

Where a vacancy exists, members of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee will recommend suitable candidates after having undertaken a review of the necessary and desirable competencies of the candidate and then recommends to the Board as a whole. The Chair of the Board will then make the necessary approach to any potential candidates. The skills and experience of the Directors allow the Board to act in the best interests of shareholders.

The Charter of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee may be viewed and downloaded from the Company's website.

2.2 Board Skill Matrix

The Board has procedures in place to review and assess the skills and competencies of its members. During the period under review, the Board members' skill matrix includes both management and technical skill sets, which the Board considers sufficient to meet the present requirements of the Company. The Company will review the skills matrix at appropriate junctures.

An appropriate mix of Director skills and diversity is required to oversee the Company's strategic direction, opportunities, and challenges at all stages of its development. When considering the appointment of new Directors, the Board seeks to recruit individuals with complementary skills, professional qualifications, and experience. In support of this, the Board applies a skills assessment to guide its succession planning and Director recruitment agenda.

When determining the appropriate mix of skills and diversity amongst Directors, the Board considers Synertec's strategic objectives and long-term shareholder wealth drivers. The following strategy statements summarise the current direction of the business and influence the skills and experience required at Board level to oversee its implementation.

- To create wealth for shareholders through delivery of competitive engineering projects in key markets throughout the world.
- To be a leader in the delivery of complex engineering solutions and products to clients with high regulatory overlay and a high-risk environment.
- To remain at the forefront of Oil & Gas process instrumentation technology to ensure that the Company is a recognised leader in instrumented solutions and custody transfer systems.

These strategy statements imply a requirement for skills at the Board level particularly in the areas of business strategy, engineering, construction and execution, international experience, project management, and business development oversight.

The skills and experience mix of the four current Directors is summarised in the following table. The Board considers that those fields where fewer than two Directors bring relevant skills and experience would necessitate external support to the Board from individuals or groups on a contractual basis. As the Company's projects move beyond 'development' stage into the 'growth' stage, the Board will continue to review its skills to consider those additional skills and experience that is required to oversee those activities.

Table - Summary of Board Skills Matrix



Skills and Experience
Description

<i>Technology and innovation</i>	Professional qualifications / experience in the research, development, and implementation of energy transportation and/or processing technologies.
<i>International experience</i>	Directors that have worked on energy projects in regions and countries where LNG is currently looking to invest, develop, and operate.
<i>Engineering, construction, and execution</i>	Practical experience with engineering design and project execution in an executive or senior manager capacity.
<i>Project management</i>	Individuals that carry relevant experience in project manager or executive Director roles across large scale energy projects.
<i>Finance</i>	Those Directors that carry professional qualifications in finance disciplines, exhibit a high level of financial acumen, and/or carry direct experience in capital market transactions.
<i>Audit and accounting</i>	Professional qualifications in accounting and risk management, or those Directors with experience in audit chair, CFO, auditor or other senior financial manager positions.
<i>Risk management</i>	Prior exposure to risk management duties in a managerial or executive capacity and/or professional risk management qualifications.
<i>Legal and regulatory</i>	Professional qualifications in legal practice, regulatory approvals, and/or prior experience in corporate legal matters or regulator /industry relations in an executive or senior manager capacity.
<i>Contracts and negotiation</i>	Practical and relevant experience in global energy sector contracts, bids, and commercial negotiations.
<i>Marketing and business development</i>	Previous experience in a senior manager or executive Director capacity supervising or directing corporate marketing or business planning and development initiatives, including key client relationship management responsibilities.
<i>Business strategy</i>	Directors that have extensive experience in executive strategy positions, including previous managing Director, chief executive, and/or strategic senior manager roles.
<i>Mergers and acquisitions</i>	Directors that have participated in major corporate transactions, including the acquisition or sale of major energy projects, corporate takeovers, and/or the acquisition of interests in energy producing assets.
<i>Corporate governance</i>	Directors that are current or former board members of other publicly listed companies, with emphasis on individuals that currently or formerly chair an audit or remuneration sub-committee. Private company, not-for-profit and government sector boards are also considered.
<i>Environmental and sustainability</i>	Professional training or prior experience managing public company environmental and social responsibility risks.

Board renewal

The Board has reviewed its need for renewal and succession planning considering the Company's direction, strategy, and challenges. As Synertec continues to transition from 'development stage', where skills in project development are paramount, to a 'growth period' involving the execution of larger and riskier projects across various market sectors, the Board considers that the composition of the Board reflects the necessary skills to facilitate this transition.

- The Board is currently comprised of a majority of Non-Executive Directors ("NEDs") all of whom are classified as independent.
- With Synertec's focus on Australian and Asian markets, the Board make-up is Australian and Asian-based, and strengthens the Board's skills and experience in energy, infrastructure, finance, contract negotiation and regulatory matters having direct knowledge of the engineering, energy and/or infrastructure markets in Australia and Asia.

2.3 Directors Independence

Board composition is guided by the following principles:

- a minimum of three Directors, with a broad range of business expertise;
- a majority of non-executive Directors;
- a majority of independent Directors;
- an independent non-executive Director as chairperson of the Board; and
- the roles of chair and chief executive officer should not be exercised by the same individual.

The Company's constitution governs the regulation of meetings and proceedings of the Board. The Board determines its size and composition, subject to the terms of the constitution.

In accordance with the definition of independence below, and the materiality thresholds set, the following Directors of the Company, forming the majority in the Board are considered to be independent:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Position</u>
Leeanne Bond	Non-executive Director and Chair
Kiat Poh	Non-executive Director
Kim Chuan Freddie Heng	Non-executive Director

An Independent Director is a Director who is not a member of management (a Non-Executive Director) and who:

- holds less than five per cent of the voting shares of the Company and is not an officer of, or otherwise associated, directly or indirectly, with a shareholder of more than five per cent of the voting shares of the Company;
- has not within the last three years been employed in an executive capacity by the Company or another group member, or been a Director after ceasing to hold any such employment within the last three years has not been a principal or employee of a material* professional adviser or a material* consultant to the Company or another group member;
- is not a material* supplier or customer of the Company or another group member, or an officer of or otherwise associated, directly or indirectly, with a material* supplier or customer;
- has no material* contractual relationship with the Company or another group member other than as a Director of the Company; and
- is free from any interest and any business or other relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially* interfere with the Director's ability to act in the best interests of the Company.

* the Board considers, 'material', in this context, to be where any Director related business relationship has represented or is likely in future to represent the lesser of at least 10% per cent of the relevant segment's or the Director related business' revenue. The Board considered the nature of the relevant industries' competition and the size and nature of each Director-related business relationship, in arriving at this threshold.

The Board only considers Directors to be independent where they are independent of management and free of any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with or could reasonably be perceived to interfere with the exercise of their unfettered and independent judgment. The Board regularly reviews the independence of each Director in light of interests disclosed to the Board from time to time.

The Board does not believe that it should establish a limit on tenure for a Director other than stipulated in the Company's Constitution. While tenure limits can help to ensure that there are fresh ideas and viewpoints available to the Board, they hold the disadvantage of losing the contribution of Directors who have been able to develop, over a period of time, increasing insight into the Company and its operations and, therefore, an increasing contribution to the Board as a whole.

2.4 Majority of Independent Directors

In accordance with the definition of independence above, and the materiality thresholds set, a majority of Directors of the Company are considered to be independent.

2.5 Chairperson of the Board

Leeanne Bond is the non-executive Chair of the Board and she is independent.

The roles of Chair and Chief Executive Officer should not be exercised by the same individual.

2.6 Induction and Professional Development

The Company has a program for inducting new Directors. This induction covers all aspects of the Company's business, financial, corporate strategy, the rights and duties of a Director and the roles and operation of the Board Committees.

Directors are encouraged to attend Director training and professional development courses, as may be required to enable them to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as Directors effectively.

2.7 Independent professional advice and access to Company information

Each Director has the right of access to all relevant Company information and to the executive officers and, subject to prior consultation with the chairperson, may seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense. The Director must consult with an adviser suitably qualified in the relevant field and obtain the Chair's approval of the fee payable for the advice before proceeding with the consultation. A copy of the advice received by the Director shall be made available to all other members of the Board.

Principle 3 – Act ethically and responsibly

The Board has adopted a Code of Conduct. The code establishes a clear set of values that emphasises a culture encompassing strong corporate governance, sound business practices and good ethical conduct. The Board reviews the Code of Conduct regularly to ensure appropriate standards of behaviour and professionalism. The Code of Conduct may be viewed and downloaded from the Company's website.

Principle 4 – Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting

4.1 Audit and Risk Management Committee

The Board has an Audit and Risk Management Committee which advises the Board on the establishment and maintenance of a framework of internal control, risk management and appropriate governance standards for the management of the Company.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee comprising of the following independent NEDs:

Freddie Kim Chuang Heng
Leeanne Bond
Poh Kiat

Chair
Non-executive Director
Non-executive Director

The Audit and Risk Management Committee was established to advise the Board on the establishment and maintenance of a framework of internal control, risk management and appropriate governance standards for the risk management of the Company. All members including the chair of the Committee are independent Directors. In the opinion of the Board, the chair of the Committee is suitably qualified for the position.

The external auditor may be invited to attend meetings of the Audit and Risk Management Committee at the discretion of the committee. An assessment of the performance of the external auditor is conducted on an annual basis.

The charter and the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the Audit and Risk Management Committee may be viewed and downloaded from the Company's website.

4.2 CEO (MD) and CFO Declarations

The Company has a Managing Director (MD) that is employed full-time in the Company.

The Company has a Chief Financial Officer (CFO) that is employed full-time in the Company.

The Board has determined that the MD and CFO are the appropriate persons to make the declarations as required under section 295A of the Corporations Act and as per ASX recommendations.

These declarations state that, in their opinions, the financial records of the Company have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Company and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

4.3 External Auditor

The Company's external auditor attends the Company's Annual General Meeting and is available to answer shareholder questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the Auditor's Report.

Principle 5 – Make timely and balanced disclosure

Continuous disclosure policy

The Directors are committed to keeping the market fully informed of material developments to ensure compliance with ASX Listing Rules and the Australian Corporations Act 2001. At each Board meeting specific consideration is given as to whether any matter should be disclosed under the Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy. The Chair, in conjunction with all Directors, is charged with the day-to-day disclosure to the market of any information in relation to the on-going activities of the Company.

The Company commits to:

- Ensuring that shareholders and the market are provided with timely and balanced information about its activities;
- Complying with the general and continuous disclosure principles contained in governing exchange rules; and
- Ensuring that all market participants have equal opportunities to receive externally available information issued by the Company.

Company ASX releases are reviewed by Executive Directors, NEDs and where applicable, senior management, prior to release to ensure:

- All releases are factually accurate, balanced, and objective;
- There is no material omission of information;
- Announcements are released in a timely manner; and
- Announcements comply with practices and procedures of the ASX Company Announcements Platform.

The Company Secretary ensures that at every Board meeting, continuous disclosure is on the agenda and that all Directors have an opportunity to put forward any information that may need disclosure. On a regular basis, the Company Secretary contacts all Directors to ensure that they do not have any information or matters that need disclosure. The Continuous Disclosure Policy may be viewed and downloaded from the Company's website.

Principle 6 – Respect the rights of security holders

The Company has adopted a Shareholder Communications Policy. The Company uses its website (www.Synertec.com.au), Annual Report, market announcements and media disclosures to communicate with its shareholders, as well as encourages participation at general meetings. The Shareholder Communications Policy may be viewed and downloaded from the Company's website.

Principle 7 – Recognise and manage risk

7.1 Audit and Risk Management Committee

The Board has an Audit and Risk Management Committee which advises the Board on the establishment and maintenance of a framework of internal control, risk management and appropriate governance standards for the management of the Company. Information on the members and operation of the Committee is as disclosed in in section 4.1 above.

The Company's risk management statement is within the charter of the Audit and Risk Management Committee which may be viewed and downloaded from the Company's website.

The Board is responsible for the oversight of risk management in the Company. In the ordinary course of business, management monitors and manages these risks. Key operational and financial risks are presented to and reviewed by the Board at each Board meeting.

The Board identifies areas of risk within the Company and continuously undertakes a risk assessment of the Company's operations, procedures and processes. The risk assessment is aimed at identifying the following:

- a culture of risk control and the minimisation of risk throughout the Company, which is being done through natural or instinctive process by employees of the Company;
- a culture of risk control that can easily identify risks as they arise and amend practices;
- the installation of practices and procedures in all areas of the business that are designed to minimise an event or incident that could have a financial or other effect on the business and its day to day management; and
- adoption of these practices and procedures to minimise many of the standard commercial risks, such as taking out the appropriate insurance policies, or ensuring compliance reporting is up to date.

7.2 Annual Risk Review

The overall audit and risk management framework is reviewed at least annually by the Audit and Risk Management Committee. The Audit and Risk Management Committee has reviewed and is satisfied with the audit and risk management framework of the Company for the current reporting period.

7.3 Internal Audit

The Company does not currently have an internal audit function, but through the Company's risk management process, management is satisfied that it can evaluate and continually improve the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes. The Company's Board of Directors periodically undertakes an internal review of financial systems and processes and where systems are considered to require improvement, these systems are developed. Authority delegations are reviewed annually by the Audit and Risk Management Committee. The Authority Delegation statement may be viewed and downloaded from the Company's website.

7.4 Material Exposure to Safety, Economic, Environmental and Social Sustainability (SEES) Risks

The Board is regularly involved in discussions in relation to material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks facing the Company.

An important aspect of Synertec's risk management framework includes the protection of our people and the people in surrounding communities in workplace health and safety. Our shared duty is to assure the health, security, and safety of people, the integrity and safe operation of our assets, and the protection of the environment. We accomplish this by setting clear expectations including target setting, training of our workforce, and empowering our workforce to stop work whenever they believe there is a danger to people, the environment, or the safe operation of our assets. Effective management of SEES risks is vital to successful delivery of Synertec's strategy, our long-term sustainability, and maintenance of our license to operate in the communities where we conduct business.

We work to avoid, mitigate, and minimise environmental impacts where we do business and we try to create mutually supporting economic and environmentally sustainable solutions.

Principle 8 – Remunerate fairly and responsibly

The Board has established a Remuneration and Nomination Committee comprising of a majority of independent Directors.

Name

Leeanne Bond

Chair

Kim Chuan Freddie Heng

Non-executive Director

Poh Kiat

Non-executive Director

The role of the Committee is to assist and advise the Board in relation to the appointment of Directors to the Board, the formulation of succession planning generally and the formulation and review of remuneration policies. It is the Company's objective to provide maximum stakeholder benefit from the retention of a high-quality Board and executive team by remunerating Directors and key management personnel fairly and appropriately with reference to relevant employment market conditions. To assist in achieving this objective, the Committee, in assuming the responsibilities of assessing remuneration to employees, linking the nature and number of Directors' and key management personnel's remuneration to the Company's financial and operational performance. The expected outcomes of the remuneration structure are:

- retention and motivation of key management personnel;
- attraction of high quality management to the Company; and
- performance incentives that allow key management personnel to share in the Company's success.

The Charter of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee and the process for selecting and appointing new Board members may be viewed and downloaded from the Company's website. Details of the Company's remuneration policy are contained in the Remuneration Report within the Company's latest Annual Report.